



BEAUTIFY

Universal Rendering Pipeline Edition

kronnect

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Introduction

Thanks for purchasing!

Beautify for Universal Rendering Pipeline packs the best effects rewritten from scratch for the new render pipeline (requires Unity 2019.3 or later).



What's Beautify?

Beautify is a combined set of effects. **Uses several algorithms in a single pass resulting in a very fast image effect:**

- Analyses local pixel contrast, enhancing visual features and producing sharp images.
- Reduces or completely removes banding in gradients, usually seen in sky boxes due to color quantization.
- Adjusts pixel saturation, boosting pixel color without over saturating the image.
- Factory presets or global effect slider, which takes care of all effect details in one step.

In addition to this unique image enhancement technology, Beautify provides state of the art filmic ACES tonemap operator and high quality extra effects which you can combine just enabling them in the inspector. These are high quality effects which are combined in the same render passes providing superior performance.

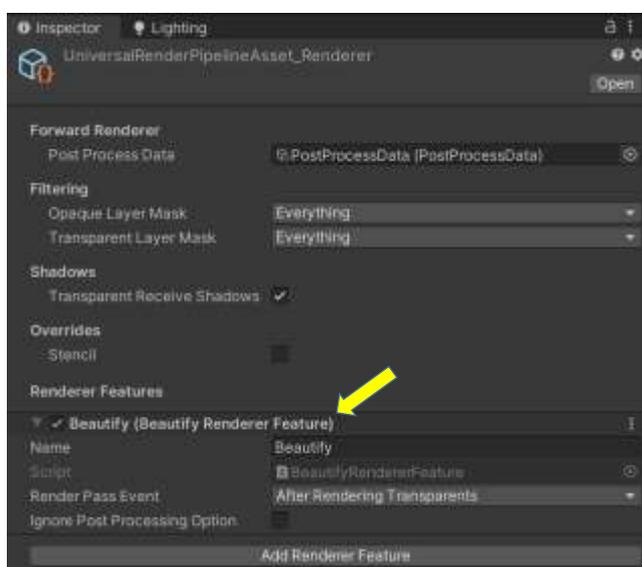
Setup for Universal Rendering Pipeline

Video tutorial

You can follow these steps in this setup video: <https://youtu.be/6fpeiysi6KM>

Guideline

- 1.- Install **Universal RP 7.3.0 or later** from the Package Manager.
- 2.- Create or assign **URP setting pipeline asset** into Project Settings / Graphics section.
- 3.- Select the URP Forward Renderer and **add the Beautify Render Feature** to the renderer feature list:



Important! If you have created the project using the “Universal Rendering Pipeline” template, Unity has assigned a different URP asset to each Quality level. For example, if you have High Quality level selected in “Project Settings / Quality” section, you can see the High Quality URP settings asset assigned there. In this case, this URP asset will be used and not the default URP asset assigned in “Project Settings / Graphics” section. When adding the render feature or changing some parameter from the URP asset, make sure you’re updating both the URP asset in “Project Settings / Graphics” section and in “Project Settings / Quality” (if there’s any there).

Hint: notice the Render Pass Event. You can change it to “Before Rendering Transparents” to make Beautify effects ignore transparent objects.

4.- Select your camera and **enable Post Processing checkbox**. Or if you don’t want to use Unity Post Processing and get even better performance, do not enable the Post Processing checkbox on the camera and enable the “Ignore Post Processing Option” in the Render Feature.

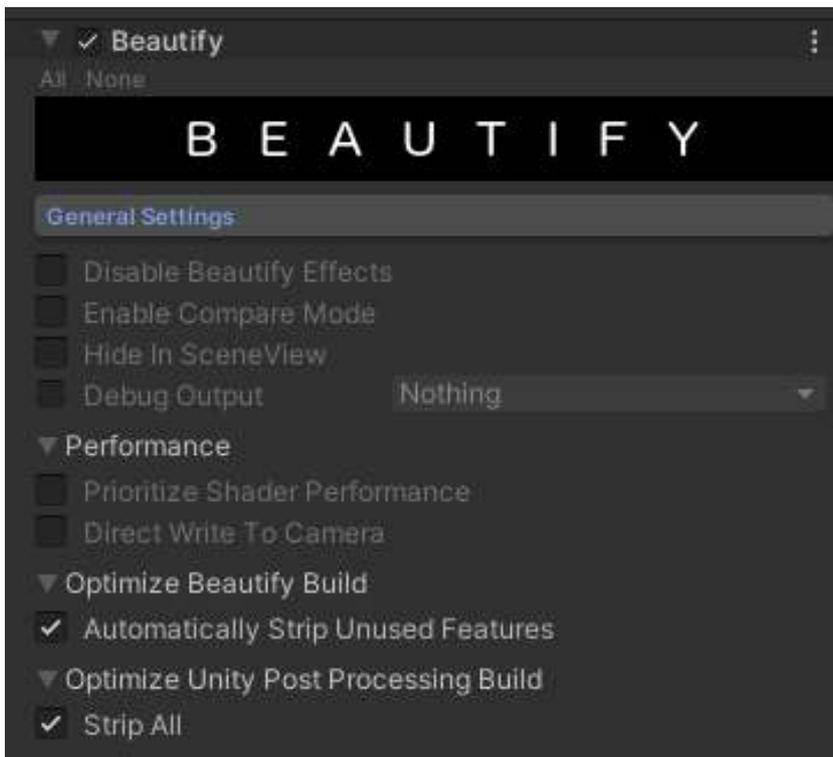
5.- You can now **add Beautify effects to your Volume profile** (as you would add other effects).

Demo Scene

A demo scene is included in the package. It allows you to quickly play with the different effects. Just open it, select the PostFX gameobject and expand the Post Process Volume component and play with the different settings to learn about Beautify possibilities.

Beautify Inspector Options

General Settings



This section contains useful options to fine-tune the results and performance of Beautify:

- **Disable Beautify Effects:** This checkbox will disable any Beautify effect regardless of the profile settings. It's a global on/off switch for Beautify. Use it to quickly check how the scene looks before and after applying current set of Beautify effects.
- **Enable Compare Mode:** shows a side by side comparison of Beautify effect.
- **Hide In Scene View:** enable to avoid rendering effects in Scene View.
- **Debug Output:** let you visualize the intermediate buffers for bloom or depth of field.
- **Prioritize Shader Performance:** enabling this option will force Beautify to use shader variants that run a bit faster albeit with lower quality. Useful for slower devices.
- **Direct Write To Camera:** enable to bypass Unity Post Processing effect chain. Beautify will render the result directly to the camera target saving a full screen blit. Recommended when running on mobile. Note: enabling this option will make Beautify overwrite any other effect

from Unity Post Processing stack so make sure you have no other Post Processing effects except Beautify.

- **Optimize Beautify Build.** Here you can enable the build optimization which will strip any unused shader feature of Beautify from your build. This will save lot of compilation time and will also make your build a bit smaller. Recommended setting: “Automatically Strip Unused Features”.
- **Optimize Unity Post Processing Build.** Likewise, here you can specify that the build should skip some Post Processing features saving built time again! Select “Strip All” if you’re only using Beautify.

Image Enhancement Section

Sharpen

- **Intensity:** sharpen intensity. A higher value will produce a dramatic result but can show some undesired artifacts with thin objects or whitish backgrounds. Use the following extra settings to control those artifacts:
- **Depth Threshold:** will compute depth difference around pixels to detect edges. When the depth delta is greater than this value, sharpen will not occur. This will protect thin objects like standalone wires or lines.
- **Depth Range / Depth Range Falloff:** allows you to choose the depth range where sharpen will be applied. Decrease max depth to remain skybox untouched. Increase min depth to cause an effect similar to depth of field.
- **Relaxation:** sharpen is subtler on high contrasted areas. This parameter tunes this relaxation. Reduce this value to preserve thin edges or bright areas.
- **Clamp:** irrespective of sharpen intensity or above params, clamp controls the maximum effect applied over a single pixel.
- **Motion Sensibility:** reduces sharpen effect while camera moves/rotates. This option can reduce flickering and produce a cheap motion blur effect. Set this value to 0 to disable this option.

Dither

- **Intensity:** amount of noise added to the image to reduce banding due to quantization of colors. When “Prioritize Shader Performance” is enabled, Beautify will use a faster numerical dither algorithm otherwise Beautify will use a blue noise based algorithm.

Tonemapping and Color Grading

Tonemapping: default is Linear which means no tonemap operator is applied. Choose ACES (Academy Color Encoding System) to map HDR colors into LDR space. Use only with HDR enabled on your camera.

- **Saturate:** controls the intensity of adaptive saturation. This algorithm considers current saturation of each pixel, so low saturated pixels receive more importance than high saturated pixels.
- **Daltonize:** similar to vibrance but mostly accentuate primary red, green and blue colors to compensate protanomaly (red deficiency), deuteranomaly (green deficiency) and tritanomaly (blue deficiency). This effect does not shift color hue hence it won't help completely red, green or blue color blindness. The effect will vary depending on each subject so this effect should be enabled on user demand.
- **Sepia:** applies a procedural sepia transformation.
- **Tint Color:** multiplies scene pixels by a given color. Alpha controls the transparency of the tint effect.
- **Contrast & Brightness:** these two parameters add a final contrast + brightness adjustment to the image.
- **White Balance:** adjust the color temperature.
- **LUT (Look-up Texture) Transform:** switches colors according to the provided lookup texture. A sample LUT Sepia texture can be found inside Beautify/Resources/Textures folder.

Except for LUT, all color tweaks use GPU code with no texture reads, resulting in a very fast color transformation.

Using .CUBE LUT format

You can assign a 3D LUT texture to the LUT texture slot or import a .CUBE LUT from the top menu Window -> Beautify -> Import .CUBE LUT.

The LUT Browser

Access this tool from the top menu Window -> Beautify -> Lut Browser. If LUT Pack is installed, it will allow you to browse through +200 LUTs.

The LUT Pack can be found on the Unity Asset Store:

<https://assetstore.unity.com/packages/vfx/shaders/fullscreen-camera-effects/lut-pack-for-beautify-202502?aid=1101IGsd>

Lens & Lighting Effects

- **Bloom:** produces fringes of light extending from the borders of bright areas, contributing to the illusion of an extremely bright light overwhelming the camera or eye capturing the scene. Use intensity and threshold (light sensibility) to adjust bloom effect. Layer mask option allows you to specify which objects are subject to bloom.
- **Anamorphic Flares:** also known as JJ Abrams flares, they add a sci-fi look to the scene. This effect is only available for Best Quality settings. It's similar to bloom but also can be assigned a tint color (use alpha to blend between original and tint color) and an orientation (horizontal or vertical).
- **Sun Flares:** beautiful, fast and procedural lens flares produced by the bright light of the Sun. There're lot of options to customize from sun disk size and intensity, corona rays, ray diffraction and ghosts.
- **Lens Dirt:** adds dust and dirt effect to your camera when looking to a light source. You can control the intensity and the brightness threshold (brightness sensibility). If you want to use different dirt textures, just assign your own texture into the Dirt Texture slot (several textures are provided in this asset inside the Textures folder).
- **Depth of Field with Bokeh:** depth of field is the distance between the nearest and the furthest objects giving a focused image. Enable this option to produce a photography effect where the target object remains focused while the the background and foreground looks blurred.
 - **Autofocus / Focus target / Focus distance:** allows you to specify where is the focus plane. For autofocus it's recommended to reduce the focus speed as it will produce a more pleasant effect between changes.
 - **Focus speed:** the speed between current focus and a focus change. For example, if the target focus is moving a focus speed of 1 will update the focus instantly whereas a lower value will make the focus more progressive.
 - **Focal Length and Aperture:** these two parameters are used to simulate the virtual camera. Focal Length is the distance between the lens and the image sensor. Aperture is referred to the effective apertura or diameter of the pupil through which the outside light enters.
 - **Foreground Blur:** enable to allow foreground objects to be blurred. Use offset to adjust the foreground blur distance.
 - **Downsampling:** reduces the screen buffer size to improve performance. Can produce some artifacts.
 - **Sample count:** referes to the maximum samples that will be gathered. The algorithm is optimized to produce adequate results with a value of 4. A lower value will be faster but the results will look incorrect. A greater value will increase the quality of the blur, which can be appreciated when using a higher focal length value.
 - **Bokeh:** adds hexagonal shapes on bright spots resembling the aperture shape.

- **Eye Adaptation:** simulates eye reaction to quick luminance changes in the scene. You can customize the eye adaptation to light or to dark, either min/max exposure changes and adaptation speeds.
- **Purkinje:** this effect simulates the achromatic vision in the dark plus a spectrum shift to blue tones. You can customize the shift amount and the effect luminance threshold.

Artistic Choices

- **Vignetting:** darkens or tints with a custom color the border of the scene. The alpha component controls the effect intensity. This effect can be combined with Night Vision or others to add great depth and special feeling to your scene.
Optionally assign a mask texture whose alpha component will be overlaid over the image. You can find a sample grungeBorder texture inside Resources/Textures folder.
Use the Blink feature to simulate eye blinking (check demo scene for code sample).
- **Outline:** adds a colored outline to all objects in the scene.
- **Night Vision:** switches colors to simulate a night vision filter including scan lines and noise.
- **Final Blur:** performs a final multi-stage blur. Useful to blur the scene while showing a menu (use Screen Space Overlay for the canvas so it doesn't get affected by the blur). The Mask field can be used to limit the blur to certain areas of the screen, like borders. If a mask texture is provided, the alpha value of the texture determines the amount of blur for that pixel (alpha=1 means full blur while alpha=0 will preserve the original pixel without any blur).
- **Frame:** applies an overlay on top of the final rendered image. If no texture is provided, a single thick frame is added (with custom color). Use the alpha (transparency) of the color property to modify the thickness of the frame.

The Frame Browser

Access this tool from the top menu Window -> Frame Browser. If Frame Pack is installed, it will allow you to browse through +50 Frames. Make sure the frame color alpha is set to 1.

The Frame Pack can be found on the Unity Asset Store:

<https://assetstore.unity.com/packages/slug/204058?aid=1101IGsd>

Orthographic camera support

In order to support orthographic camera, edit BeautifyCommon.hlsl file and set this compiler macro to 1:

```
#define BEAUTIFY_ORTHO 1
```

Outline: enabling Sobel edge detection method

By default, Beautify uses scene depth to detect object edges and draw the outline effect.

Alternatively you can enable a Sobel based algorithm to detect edges which doesn't use depth or normal but just colors. To enable it, edit BeautifyCommon.hlsl file and set this macro value to 1:

```
#define BEAUTIFY_OUTLINE_SOBEL 1
```

Pixelate effect

In Beautify 2 for URP, the pixelate effect can be achieved by using a combination of Downscale + disabling bilinear filtering (both options can be found on top of Beautify inspector).

Scripting support (C#)

The following properties and methods can be accessed through **BeautifySettings.instance** property (check **sample script included in demo scene**):

sun: assigns or gets the gameobject that holds the directional light acting as the Sun.

depthOfFieldTarget: assigns or gets the gameobject that's being tracked by the depth of field autofocus algorithm when in Follow Target mode.

OnBeforeFocus: event that's triggered when focusing an object and allows you to get and change the current focus distance dynamically.

depthOfFieldCurrentFocalPointDistance: the current distance to the focused object.

sharedSettings: returns a reference of the current settings of the Beautify effect in the volume.

settings: returns a copy of the current settings of the Beautify effect in the volume.

Blink(duration, maxValue): executes a blink effect (like in demo scene). For example, if you call **BeautifySettings.Blink(0.5f)**, it will execute a blink effect for 0.5 seconds.

Recommendations

Performance tips

We recommend providing 3 levels of quality in your game. Each level quality (which the user could select from a main menu) defines a specific profile with custom settings.

Tips to get the best performance:

- If you don't use Unity Post Processing, disable Post Processing checkbox on the camera and enable the "Ignore Post Processing Option" in Beautify Render Feature.
- Enable "Prioritize Shader Performance".
- Enable "Direct Write To Camera" (this option requires Unity version 2019.4.x or 2021.3.3 or later – this option doesn't work with Unity 2020.x-2021.3.2 due to an Unity bug).
- Reduce "Render Scale" in Universal Rendering Pipeline asset.
- Reduce number of effects.

Reducing build size

Tips to improve build times:

- Enable "Strip All" under Optimize Unity Post Processing Build to remove most shader variants from Unity post processing (if you are using only Beautify, this option is very useful).
- Enable "Automatically Strip Unused Features" or manually strip the effects that you won't use by editing BeautifyCore.shader file (see next section).

Manually setting shader keywords/features

Edit BeautifyCore.shader file and search any line starting with `#pragma multi_compile_local`. For example:

```
#pragma multi_compile_local __ BEAUTIFY_TONEMAP_ACES
```

This line will generate 2 variants of the shader. One that use the ACES tonemapper and other that doesn't.

A way to reduce shader variants involves setting manually the shader keyword:

- a) If your game uses the ACES feature, you can just replace that line with:
`#define BEAUTIFY_TONEMAP_ACES 1`
- b) If your game does not use the ACES feature at all, you can just remove completely that line (or keyword if there're more keywords in the same line).

List of keywords used:

BEAUTIFY_TONEMAP_ACES	Uses the custom ACES tonemapper
BEAUTIFY_LUT	Uses LUT (color look-up texture) option
BEAUTIFY_NIGHT_VISION	Night vision effect
BEAUTIFY_BLOOM	Bloom effect
BEAUTIFY_BLOOM_USE_DEPTH	Used to attenuate bloom with depth
BEAUTIFY_BLOOM_USE_LAYER	Used by the option to apply bloom only to specific layers
BEAUTIFY_ANAMORPHIC_FLARES_USE_DEPTH	Used by the option to apply anamorphic flares only to specific layers
BEAUTIFY_DIRT	Lens dirt effect
BEAUTIFY_DEPTH_OF_FIELD	Depth of field effect
BEAUTIFY_DOF_TRANSPARENT	Special treatment to transparent objects with depth of field
BEAUTIFY_CHROMATIC_ABERRATION	Chromatic aberration effect
BEAUTIFY_PURKINJE	Purkinje effect
BEAUTIFY_VIGNETTING	Vignette effect
BEAUTIFY_VIGNETTING_MASK	Texture-mask vignette
BEAUTIFY_EYE_ADAPTATION	Eye adaptation effect
BEAUTIFY_OUTLINE	Outline effect
BEAUTIFY_COLOR_TWEAKS	Color adjustments listed under Tonemapping and Color Grading section in the inspector
BEAUTIFY_TURBO	Uses faster shader code
BEAUTIFY_DITHER	Dithering effect
BEAUTIFY_SHARPEN	Sharpen effect

Important! Please note that:

- 1) All these keywords are defined as “local keyword” meaning that they don’t count towards the total of 256 maximum global keywords.
- 2) Any modification to BeautifyCore.shader will be lost when updating the asset to a newer version. Remember to apply the same modifications after updating.

Support

Please visit kronnect.com for questions, support and more info.

Thanks for using Beautify!

If you like the asset, please review it on the Unity Asset Store. It encourages us to keep improving it!
Also contact us with your suggestions and comments.